## The Brain Health & Wellness Project Goal Setting Invitation: Sample Scripts for Clinicians

The following sample situations and scripts offer 4 natural openings to integrate an invitation to health behaviour change with your patients.

#### Behavior Change Invitation #1: The Classic

Use the Health & Resilience Pre-Questionnaire results to invite a health change.

<u>Sample invitation:</u> "Based on your answers on the Health and Resilience Questionnaire, it looks like you feel there's be some room to improve on your....:

- physical activity OR
- staying connected to friends OR
- learning something new

...Would you like to set a small goal to work on that?"

### Behavior Change Invitation #2: You're Ideal!

Use the presenting concern as	the relevant springboard to invite a behavior change.
stress/ depression/ anxiety/ in	(pain/mobility/ med side effects/blood pressure/work somnia/ addictions/ etc) that you are dealing with make you e initiative that could help you with this issue. Would you like
Behavior Change Invite #3: The	4 Seasons
Use seasonality to invite or rene	ew a relevant health goal.
	s (Spring/Summer/Winter/Fall), let's looks at eel you are doing in some key health areas. Would you like to

set a goal to activate your health over \_\_\_\_\_Winter/Summer/now that it's Spring/as the

### Behavior Change Invite #4: Transitions Points

colder weather approaches...?"

Use a life transition/developmental milestone or even a birthday as a springboard.

Sample Invitation: "Now that you are caregiving/ retired/living alone/dealing with a new medical issue/facing these financial concerns/figuring out your life as a single parent/ moving into long term care/ divorcing...this would be a good time to check in on how you are feeling about some key health areas to help you stay as well as you can...Would you like to set a goal to help take care of yourself through this next phase?"



# Stoplight Scripts – Assessing Readiness for Health Change and Responding to Your Patient

Your patients will respond in different ways at different times to the invitation to behaviour change. Using the metaphor of a stop light, they might say: "No" (red light- unready), "Maybe" (yellow light- ambivalent), or "Yes" (green light—ready to go). The following outlines ways to respond to all of these situations.



## Navigating a Red Light Response:

- Patient responses such as "No, Not ready, Can't, Won't" are perfectly fair and very common responses at any given visit! We can all be in a "red light" zone for healthy behaviour on any given day.
- Simply inviting the health behaviour change is an intervention and gets people thinking.
   Data show that the invitation from a care provider is enough to trigger subsequent readiness.

## Red Light- Clinician Responses:

 Acknowledge in a non-judgmental way and normalize the response with, "Fair enough" or "I hear you!". The issue has been noted and can be talked about again at a subsequent visit. It is not your job to make anyone do anything!



# Typical Yellow Light Responses:

I would but... Maybe next month... I just don't feel motivated but I know I should... If I weren't \_\_\_\_\_\_(depressed/so anxious/dealing with this medical condition), then I would.... If I had time I would...

#### Yellow Light- Clinician Response:

- Empathize with the ambivalence and limitations mentioned. Normalize that health change is hard and that most of us struggle to make change happen!
- Invite one very small behavior change in a target health area. Choosing something that is meaningful to the patient can also help. For example, "Even with the (time limitations/lack of motivation etc.)...would you consider setting one really small goal and just see how it goes? Is there a very small change you can think of that would still be meaningful to you? No goal is ever too small and if it doesn't happen, no problem..."



## Even for a keen Green Light Patient- Clinician Response:

Even for the enthusiasts, remember to keep the goal very small. Focus on concrete, or "S.M.A.R.T." goals - Specific, Measurable, Action-oriented, Realistic and Time-limited.
The more specific and doable the goal is, the more likely the patient will succeed.